Finding Your Optimal Hormone Dose

While taking bio-identical hormone replacement therapy (BRHT), finding your optimal dose will greatly improve symptoms, as well as help tip the scale in your favor longevity and quality of life wise. It is clear in the current research that replenishing our hormones with optimal doses of estrogen (and progesterone and testosterone) is heart, brain, and bone protective in the long run (it certainly promotes vaginal health as well). In other words; your body is talking to you; do yourself a favor and don't ignore it. Taking care of your symptoms will maximize your chances at a quality of life for the next 40-50 years of your life.

Here is a list of symptoms that will help you determine if you might be taking too little or too much of estrogen, progesterone and testosterone. This list comes from the book *Happy Healthy Hormones. How To Thrive In Menopause*, by Daved Rosensweet, MD, pioneer expert in feminine hormones and medical director of the Institute of Bio-identical Medicine. I also added some symptoms reported by my patients over the years in private practice.

Why is this list important ? As you've probably heard before, hormones fluctuate greatly. During perimenopause, it is very common for prescribers to adjust the dose periodically (sometimes every 2-3 months). Therefore, coming to your prescriber's office with a list of your symptoms can certainly help identify what needs to be increased or decreased.Until the next time. But don't despair; according to experts in the field, as you advance in menopause, the fluctuation lessens, resulting in less necessary changes in your prescriptions.

For the time being, I suggest you print these below and put them up on your refrigerator as a reference.

ESTROGENS

Too Much :

Breast tenderness	Nipple tenderness Wa	ter Retention
Impatience but clear of m	nind Pelvic cramps	
Hot flashes (excessive do	ose) Malaise	
<u>Too Little</u> :		
Night sweats	Sleep disturbance	Fatigue/reduced stamina
Warm rushes	Hot flashes	Temperature swings
Dry vagina	Joint pain	Weight gain
Pain during intercourse	Back pain	Racing mind at night
Loss of glow	Mental fogginess	Dry eyes, skin, ears
Headaches/migraines	Intestinal bloating	Diminished sensuality
Diminished sexuality	Depression	Anxiety

PROGESTERONE

Too Much:				
Tiredness	Drowsiness	Hot flashes (if very excessive)		
Waking up groggy or edgy		Feeling depressed		
Slight dizziness	Water retention	Leg discomfort		
Sense of physical instability				
<u>Too Little</u> :				
Sleep disturbance	Difficulty relaxing	Hot flashes		
Breast tenderness	New &/or enlarged breast lump			

Increased anxiety	Mood disturbance	Decreased libido		
Water retention	Period irregularities (if still menstruating)			
TESTOSTERONE				
<u>Too Much</u> :				
Hyper-aggressiveness	Increased hair grow	th on body-face-application site		
Increased acne or pimples				
Excessive oiliness of skin				
<u>Too Little</u> :				
Diminished energy/star	mina Flabbiness/ mus	scular weakness		
Diminished mental focu	us Loss of sense o	f security		
Body hair loss	Diminished libi	do		

References:

Rosensweet, D. (2022) *Happy Healthy Hormones. How To Thrive In Menopause*. (7th Edition). Daved Rosensweet MD.